Simulants to Support RPP-WTP and SRS











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Simulant Development Philosophy

- Planned application of the Simulant drives the Simulant Development
- Waste Simulants shall duplicate the chemistry of actual Waste
 - Tank Farm Chemistry
 - Chemistry during Melter Feed Preparation requires
 Validation
- Duplication of the physical properties of actual waste is desirable or required



RPP-WTP LAW Simulants

Chemical Simulants

- AN-102, AN-107, AN-105
- Match chemical composition, density, viscosity
- Requires good analytical characterization data

Physical Simulants

- Low Bound LAW, High Bound LAW
- Match Bounding rheology limits
- Developed to support Agitator design/tests
- Desirable to match waste composition if possible



Issues During WTP LAW Simulants Development at SRS

- Difficult to produce an undiluted chemical LAW simulant
 - Target is generally a saturated supernate
 - Potential for temperature and crystallization issues
- Premature development of a simulant before characterization information is finalized
- Scale up issues
 - Precipitation due to trace impurities (Reagent Grade versus Commercial Grade)
 - Substitution of alternate raw materials
 - Sequence of addition steps
- Stability Issues
 - Carbonate increase due to CO2 absorption
 - Chemical reactions between simulant and glass formers



RPP-WTP HLW Simulants

Precipitated AZ101 Simulated Sludge

- Complete chemical simulant
- Physical Properties Targeted were rheology, density
- First simulant prep to include thermal aging step
- AY-102/C-106 Simulant
 - Chemical simulant for both sludge and supernate
 - Targeted properties included Al leaching, rheology, density
- HLW Bounding Physical Simulants
 - Sludge was based on simple industrial oxides/hydroxides
 - Physical Properties Targeted were rheology, solids loading



Issues During WTP HLW Simulants Development at SRS

- Availability of appropriate materials for both types of sludge simulants
- Particle Size versus shear for precipitation processes can produce scaling issues when moving from lab (Liter) to pilot (100+ gallons)
- Stability issues
 - Potential for chemical reactions between simulant and glass formers
 - Physical properties versus time were not studied



SRS HLW Simulants to Support DWPF

- SRS sludge simulants based on precipitation
 - DWPF macro batch, specific tanks or waste types
 - Target composition and chemistry then if possible physical properties
- SRS sludge simulant issues
 - Thermal aging less effective at modifying sludge rheology
 - Scale up issues have been observed when producing larger quantities
 - Impact of mixing (shear) during precipitation
 - Temperature
 - Currently testing sludge simulant precipitation in Continuously Stirred Reactor (CSTR)
 - Fixed geometry gives controlled shear, residence time and temperature



Simulant Development Summary

- Simulant application controls simulant development
- Analytical characterization accuracy is vital for chemical simulants
- Stability of simulants over time should be considered
- Scale up issues (one liter to hundreds of gallons)

